Maarten van Heemskerck



and the Beginnings of Dutch Mannerism

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Maarten van Heemskerck (1498–1574) and the Beginnings of Dutch Mannerism

The town of Haarlem, situated twenty miles west of Amsterdam, had already been an artistic center two generations before Hendrick Goltzius and his circle made it the center of the eponymous school of printmakers from the 1580s onward. During the first half of the sixteenth century, the dominant master there was Maarten van Heemskerck. Born in 1498 in Heemskerck, a village in the Kennemerland region in North Holland, he received his artistic training in Haarlem and later joined Jan van Scorel's workshop when Scorel briefly established himself there upon his return from Italy in 1527. Scorel's Italianate style was completely new to the Netherlands at the time and was eagerly adopted by Heemskerck. In the spring of 1532, Heemskerck himself traveled to Italy, arriving in Rome in early summer. He stayed until the end of 1536 or early 1537 and deeply immersed himself in the study of the city, the ever-present remnants of ancient Rome, and the surrounding countryside. Heemskerck made numerous drawings from nature and sketched the classical ruins. His sheets mark the beginning of the art of the Roman veduta. His careful rendering of ancient sculptures provided him with crucial insights into human anatomy. But Heemskerck also studied the visual culture of contemporary Rome, especially the frescoes of Raphael and Michelangelo. Back in Haarlem, he became arguably one of the most important transmitters of both classical and Italian art to his home country.

The influence of Heemskerck's art was amplified through the use of prints—despite the fact that he, in all likelihood, did not make any himself. He was, however, among the first artists to instrumentalize printmaking in a comprehensive and systematic manner. Nearly 600 prints are based on Heemskerck's designs, often comprising narrative sets of both biblical and historical subjects as well as allegories. Collected in albums, they exerted a lasting impact on Northern artists and all other *liefhebber van den kunsten*.



DIRCK VOLKERTSZ. COORNHERT after MAARTEN VAN HEEMSKERCK

1522 Amsterdam – Gouda 1590

1 The Apostle Paul Baptizing in Ephesos [Apostles 19:1–7] 1553

engraving; 294×412 mm (11 5/8 × 16 1/4 inches) New Hollstein 394 (only state)

WATERMARK

colums (Briquet 4432–4447; New Hollstein, Muller Dynasty, vol. 3, p. 271)

LITERATURE

Hieronymus Cock: The Renaissance in Print, Leuven/Paris 2013, cat. no. 35

A brilliant impression; in excellent condition; trimmed to the image.

Heemskerck probably made the drawing that served as the basis for Coornhert's print as early as 1549. It belongs to a group of large design drawings for prints "that undoubtedly set out to rival the work of Italian engravers such as Marcanton Raimondi" (Veldman in *Hieronymus Cock*, p. 160). Neither the pronounced muscularity of the male figures nor their state of undress is called for by the Biblical story. Ilja Veldman therefore rightly suggests that the reason for this "was purely artistic: with his accuracy of anatomy Van Heemskerck endeavored to rival Michelangelo. Perhaps he was inspired by Michelangelo's design for the *Battle of Cascina*, of which various copies were known, and which also consist of a gathering of naked men in various postures. It is apparent from the man seated on the right that Van Heemskerck also made use of his own drawings of the *Youths* on Michelangelo's Sistine ceiling. Classical sculpture was also a great source of inspiration. The man with his hand on his head is a variant of both one of Michelangelo's *Slaves* and the *Apollo Citharoedus*, which Van Heemskerck had drawn in the statue court at Casa Sassi in Rome" (ibid.).

The print was among the first that Hieronymus Cock published after a design by Heemskerck and marks the beginning of a collaboration that would last until Cock's death in 1570, when Philip Galle took over the publishing of Heemskerck's prints.

1571 - Amsterdam - 1628

2 The Beatitudes ca. 1566

the complete set of eight

engravings; each ca. $213 \times 242 \text{ mm}$ (8 $3/4 \times 9 \text{ 1/2 inches}$)

New Hollstein (*Heemskerck*) 313–320, New Hollstein (*Muller*) 37–44, with the publisher's address of Claes Jansz. Visscher (1587–1652)

WATERMARK:

pot with two handles and flower

PROVENANCE

Dr. Scollin, Springfield, Illinois, USA (his stamp on the verso; not in Lugt)

The Beatitudes are eight blessings recounted by Jesus in the Sermon on the Mount in the Gospel of Matthew in the Gospel of Matthew and in the Sermon on the Plain in the Gospel of Luke. Each is a proverb-like proclamation to which Heemskerck here added a narrative taken from the Old Testament, thereby creating a typological pairing for each blessing.



Blessed Are the Poor in Spirit [Matt. 5:3] — Job Receiving the Ill News of his Misfortunes [Job 1:14–21]



Blessed Are the Meek [Matt. 5:5] – Miriam and Aaron Disputing with Moses about his Ethiopian Wife [Numb. 12:1–15]



Blessed Are They That Mourn [Matt. 5:4] – Mary Magdalen Wiping Christ's Feet in the House of Simon [Luke 7:36–50]



Blessed Are They Who Do Hunger and Thirst after Righteousness [Matt. 5:6] – The Presentation in the Temple [Luke 2:25–38]



Blessed Are the Merciful [Matt. 5:7] — Tobit Burying the Dead, Clothing the Naked and Feeding the Hungry [Tobit 1:17–21]



Blessed Are the Pure in Heart [Matt. 5:8] — The Annunciation [Luke 1:26-38]



Blessed Are the Peacemakers [Matt. 5:9] — Abigail Soothing David [1 Sam. 25:23-35]



Blessed Are They Who are Persecuted [Matt. 5:10] — **The Stoning of St Stephen** [Acts 7:55–60]

from the series The Story of Dinah and Shechem, ca. 1569



3 plate 1: **Dinah Going Out and Seduced by Shechem** [Gen. 34:1–2]

engraving; 205 × 250 mm (8 1/16 × 9 13/16 inches)

New Hollstein (Heemskerck) 31 second (final) state; New Hollstein (Muller) 1 second (final) state

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink 1 Buch Mosis Cap. 34; a detailed quotation from the Bible passage in German on the verso

Dina Son Lea Toller Sie für Jacob gehofensfalle, ging Je Son Fifteen So Causes, im i from fafter big files from , No für So Befor Son Cambra feron lieb gutafa, in finan Vitter babt ifm das Mid for Jim Elniba Ja day faftin , met a Som so fin by flother . —.

from the series The Story of Dinah and Shechem, ca. 1569



4 plate 2: *Hamor and Shechem Asking Jacob for Dinah's Hand in Marriage* [Gen. 34:6–12]

engraving; $203 \times 251 \text{ mm } (8 \times 97/8 \text{ inches})$

New Hollstein (Heemskerck) 32 second (final) state; New Hollstein (Muller) 2 second (final) state

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink 1. Buch Mosis Cap. 34; a detailed quotation from the bible passage on the verso in German

hemor Sichems Vattan ginne In Sacob mil ilm Jo sulm, abas da friend dofun die Objantlast fo an ilone Olych for Anoibal chooden for han, chooden friendson fr

from the series The Story of Dinah and Shechem, ca. 1569



5 plate 4: **Dinah Taken Home by Simeon and Levi** [Gen. 34:25–26]

engraving; $202 \times 250 \text{ mm} (7.15/16 \times 9.13/16 \text{ inches})$

New Hollstein (*Heemskerck*) 34 second (final) state; New Hollstein (*Muller*) 4 second (final) state

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink 1. Buch Mosis Cap. 34.; a detailed quotation from the bible passage on the verso in German

In Form Jacobs gingen in Si Charl it Six Tope Sichen hemous ifon Histofun Dina) fit Jim Etaito nalm, in variform din Franch for follign an ifo Amaille mil anmording allar Manin Safelly, is follow if on Electric thin mil if, — als about Semon is Levi follow ifour Vatton Jacob an frighten jamen in as is has San linglish for fin Just Sinfo goar fame for it when fin fail beingen the San .

from the series The Story of Judah and Tamar, ca. 1566



6 plate 1: **Judah Giving Tamar the Pledge** [Gen. 38:17–18]

engraving; $209 \times 263 \text{ mm} (8 1/4 \times 10 3/8 \text{ inches})$

New Hollstein (Heemskerck) 39 third state (of four); New Hollstein (Muller) 5 third state (of four)

LITERATURE

Kunst voor de Beeldenstorm, Amsterdam 1986, cat. no. 203.1

annotated at upper right of the album sheet in pen and ink Gen: Cap. 38. Vers 14; below Juda der Sohn Jacobs begeht mit der Tamar seiner Sohnsfrau eine Blutschande, deßwegen sie zum Thod verurtheilt worden.

from the series The Story of Judah and Tamar, ca. 1566



7 plate 2: Hirah the Adullamite with the Kid, Inquiring for the Harlot [Gen. 38:20–21]

engraving; $208 \times 258 \text{ mm} (8 \text{ 3/16} \times 10 \text{ 3/16} \text{ inches})$

New Hollstein (*Heemskerck*) 40 first state (of two); New Hollstein (*Muller*) 6 first state (of two) LITERATURE

Kunst voor de Beeldenstorm, Amsterdam 1986, cat. no. 203.2

annotated at upper right of the album sheet in pen and ink Gen: Cap. 38. Vers 22.; below Der Freund von Juda, Adollamiter bringt das Pfand ihm wider zurük, indem er die Thamar nicht gefunden. Die ganze Geschichte muß nur nach den Sitten der Morgenländer u: nicht derjenigen unseres Zeitalters beurtheilt werden.

1537 Haarlem – Antwerpen 1612

from the series The Story of Ahab, Jezebel, and Naboth, ca. 1561



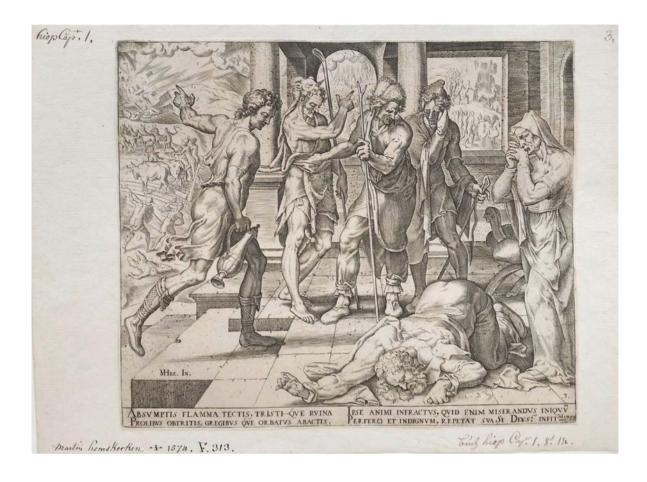
8 plate 2: **Jezebel Sealing the Forged Letters** [1 Kings 21:8–10]

engraving; 195 × 248 mm (7 11/16 × 9 3/4 inches)

New Hollstein 133 first state (of three)

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink 1. Buch der Könige Capt. 21.; below Isabel sigelt den falsch ausgestellten Brief um Naboths Weinberg zu bekommen 1. Buch der Könige Cap. 21. V. 8.

from the series The Story of Job, ca. 1563



9 plate 3: **Job Receiving the Ill-News of his Misfortunes** [Job 1:14–21]

engraving; 206 × 246 mm (8 1/8 × 9 11/16 inches)

New Hollstein 163 second (final) state, with the additional quotation of the verses from the Bible

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink *Hiop Cap. 1.*; below *Martin Hemskerken + 1574*. F. 313. // *Buch Hiop Cap. 1.8.14*.; a detailed quotation from the Bible passage in German on the verso

But I beforeting be to legt - high feel, make me to me to be a first a flag of the state of the

from the series The Story of Job, ca. 1563



10 plate 4: Satan Challenging the Lord to Remove his Protection from Job []ob 2:1–6]

engraving; 205×244 mm (8 $1/16 \times 9$ 5/8 inches)

New Hollstein 164 second (final) state, with the additional quotation of the verses from the Bible

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink *Hiop Cap: 2.*; below *Hemskerken + 1574*. F. 313. // Buch hiop Cap. 2.8.1.; a detailed quotation from the Bible passage in German on the verso

	Job. Capr. 2.			
	Alo din Limber Gottar fit fin In Juvann /	Pullan,	bam and 8	Bulan .
Ja	ale de fore mit if in what die froming bait	fioli	andle, go	rb ne izm
	notaritarif Sunfultan Sweet metaryfrithing go	alun	not langur	In zonfun .

from the series The Story of Job, ca. 1563



11 plate 5: **Satan Smiting Job with Boils** [Job 2:7–10]

engraving; $209 \times 245 \text{ mm} (8 1/4 \times 9 5/8 \text{ inches})$

New Hollstein 165 second (final) state, with the additional quotation of the verses from the Bible

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink *Hiop Cap. 2.*; below *Martin Hemskerken + 1574*. F. 313. // *Buch Hiop Cap. 2.8.7.*; a detailed quotation from the Bible passage in German on the verso

Job 26.74:

In Takan grif fiol an mit bojan grejeliand ton frienr fild follow an bis and friend Definition? — — In floores from Whit Jo ifm; — Castaf I'm Whit Jo ifm; — Castaf I'm noch and Simus from brit ? — Castar Got, in Strip. — for above straight I'm in andrown bornessing Unit wash, — for chie das gibs ton Gott implungun fabou, charine follow this dam inist and das boss anuasman? —

from the series The Story of Judith and Holofernes, ca. 1564



12 plate 2: The Israelites Finding Achior Tied to a Tree [Jud. 6:10–15]

engraving; 204×250 mm (8 $1/16 \times 9$ 13/16 inches)

New Hollstein 208 (only state)

annotated on the album sheet below in pen and ink Achior wird gefangen u. zu Holofernus geführt, das Buch Judith Capt. 6. — auch in Holz geschnitten.

from the series The Story of Judith and Holofernes, ca. 1564



13 plate 5: *Judith Presented to Holofernes* [Jud. 10:17–19]

engraving; 199 \times 245 mm (7 13/16 \times 9 5/8 inches)

New Hollstein 211 (only state)

annotated on the album sheet above in pen and ink *im Buch Judit. Cap: 10.8 u. 21 u. Cap 11 Gespräch Judith mit Holofernus.* and 1.

from the series The Story of Judith and Holofernes, ca. 1564



14 plate 6: *Judith Slaying Holofernes* [Jud. 13:7–9]

engraving; $202 \times 247 \text{ mm } (8 \times 9 \text{ 3/4 inches})$

New Hollstein 212 (only state)

LITERATURE

Graphik der Niederlande 1508-1616, Munich 1979, cat. no. 33b

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink Buch Judith Cap. 13. 9 8. and 2.

from the series The Story of Judith and Holofernes, ca. 1564



15 plate 7: *Judith Displaying Holofernes's Head to the People of Bethulia* [Jud. 13:19–22]

engraving; 202×245 mm (8 × 9 5/8 inches)

New Hollstein 213 (only state)

annotated at upper left of the album sheet in pen and ink [Buc]h Judith Cap. 13. 18 v. and 3.

from the series The Eight Beatitudes, ca. 1566



16 plate 7: Blessed Are the Peacemakers [Matt. 5:9]: Abigail Soothing David [1 Sam. 25:23–35]

engraving; 213×249 mm (8 $3/8 \times 9$ 13/16 inches)

New Hollstein (*Heemskerck*) 319 first state (of three); New Hollstein (*Muller*) 43 first state (of three)

annotated on the album sheet above in pen and ink 1 Buch Samuel Cap: 25.8:23. Abigail, Nabals Weib, bittet den König David um Vergebung u: erhält Gnade; below M. Hemskerken. T. 1. fo 313. Martin van Veen genant n: M: 1574. Fn fo. 531. Fuesli T. 4. F. 27.

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